

Adurtiser

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# MISS STONE

# She Writes of the Peril She Is In.

# **PURSUING TROOPS** ARE WITHDRAWN

Attempts to Renew Communication With the Brigands-The Offer of a Ransom.

OFIA, Oct. 15 .- Although the time fixed by the brigands who abducted Miss Ellen M. Stone, the to claim the money or to announce the fate of the captive. It is now learned that the band has dissolved, but that in the premises. Miss Stone is kept under surveillance at some distance from the frontier. This is due to snow and cold weather rendering the mountains uninhabitable. Bishop shall be duly chosen for the see The efforts of the police to arrest of Honolulu. Sarackoff, formerly president of the Macedonian committee, who is suspected of complicity in the kidnapping, are the sympathy of the inhabitants and local authorities.

#### MISS STONE'S COMPANION.

SOFIA, Bulgaria, Oct. 15 .- The parteacher who was captured by the brigands with Miss Ellen M. Stone, the American missionary, have received another letter from their daughter urging the step already taken, namely, stopping the military pursuit, because the brigands threaten the prisoners with immediate death in the event of danger to themselves. The writer says that she and Miss Stone are hidden in a courteously. She also says the only pay the ransom demanded.

A LETTER FROM MISS STONE.

NEW YORK, Oct. 15 .- According to a dispatch to the Journal and Advertiser from Sofia, further word has come from Miss Stone, in the following letter, written from Macedonia to W. W. Peet, treasurer of the Turkish Mission in Constantinople:

"My Honored Friend: I write to inform you that on the third of September I was captured by a great number of armed men-some forty-as I traveled from Bansko to Diamaala with about twelve teachers, students and

"They took with me for my companion Mrs. Catherine Tsilka. The reason why they captured us is for a ransom. The price which they demand for us is 25,000 pounds, Turkish, which sum must be paid in gold, and this entirely without the knowledge of the Turkish and Bulgarian governments, within the term of eighteen days from today.

"The condition of Mrs. Tsilka decided the limit as she is to give birth to a child in three months.

We are pursued by a Turkish army. I beg Dr. Haskell himself to go to Constantinople and exert himself for the payment of the ransom at Samakov, where men will receive it on presenting an order from me.

"The men who captured us at first showed courtesy and consideration toward us, but now since Turkish sol- ley D. Evans, "Fighting Bob," on board diers and Bashi Bazouks have begun to pursue us and the ransom is delayed, our condition is altogether changed.

Therefore, I beg you to hasten sendenergetically as possible you will present to the Turkish government that it stop the pursuit of us by soldiers and Basht Bazouks; otherwise we shall be the representative of the United States at the Porte and request his most serious co-operation.

"Pray for us. We are at peace with

"With hearty salutations, your friend,

"ELLEN M. STONE." BARGAINING WITH BRIGANDS.

NEW YORK, October 14 .- A cable says: The American missionaries, Hasthrough third parties to re-establish advocate.

communication. As soon as that is done the Ameri-

(Continued on Page 2).

# BISHOP WILLIS PROMISES TO MAKE WAY FOR AN AMERICAN SUCCESSOR

THE Call says: There is every indication that an amicable settlement has been reached between the House of Bishops of the Protestant Episcopal Church of America and the Right Rev. Dr. Willis, Bishop of Honolulu, who represents the English church in that district. Owing to the executive sessions held by this august body nothing has been given out as to the terms of the proposed settlement of the long standing dispute between the house and the prelate named, but there is every indication, however, that within a few days the English Bishop will resign his charge and the church of this country will look after the interests of her people in the Hawaiian Isl-

The matter has been in the hands of a special committee of the House of Bishops and yesterday this committee submitted the following resolutions,

which were adopted: Resolved, That in view of the action of the Bishop of Honolulu communicated to American missionary, for the payment the Bishops in council, devolving upon of the ransom demanded expired a week ago, no one has appeared at Sammakoff parts adjacent, this house hereby signifies its acceptance of the same and its purpose to take at an early day such action as may be necessary and expedient

> Resolved. That when such action is lulu under the charge of one of the Bish-

still unavailing. The failure is due to the committee of the council of Bishops, the church. Those requirements are said the Bishop. Be it ever so foreign to all this house extends to him a loving weimay be in his power to attend its ses-

Resolved, That the Hawaiian Islands are hereby constituted a missionary disents of Madame Tsilka, the Bulgarian trict of this church by the name of the missionary district of Honolulu, said action to take effect on the 1st day of April, 1902.

Resolved, the House of Deputies consurring, That consent is hereby given for the election of a Bishop for the missionary district of Honolulu in the discretion of the House of Bishops.

Bishop Willis has represented the years. He has conducted services in the Episcopal church every Sunday, but subterranean retreat and are treated his tongregations have been made up means of securing their release is to Mackintosh, D.D., rector of the church, proved a failure and, after seven or eight part of their own country until they shall in accord with the Bishop. The feud and went home to England. has been of long standing and was intensified at the time of the annexation of the islands. The opponents of Bishop strong sympathy and support in Eng- church has probably rather weakened Willis felt that he should immediately land. The king of Hawaii, the royal than strengthened in the last twenty ture as it shall see fit, and since it is the English church.

The Chronicle says:

Battleship With Two Rear Admirals



control over it.

CHURCH CONDITIONS HERE.

communication: To the Editor:-The question of the Ha-

understood.

crated to succeed. He, too, came under waii. favorable conditions. This mission had As far as the work is concerned, the the advent of the former.

taken the presiding Bishop be requested bly settled. It is understood that Bishop causes. The canon law has been altoto place the missionary district of Hono. Willis and his opponents were called be- getter inadequate to meet the needs of fore the committee which had the matter the diocese, while the Bishop, as been ops of this church until such time as a in charge, and when their wishes in the a law unto himself and has felt just fied matter had been learned, the committee in exercising the authority of an automade a proposition to them to which crat without reference to outside opin-Resolved, That in recognition of the both sides agreed, and certain promises ion, and there has been no court of aplong services of the Bishop of Honolulu were made that an attempt would be peal or remedy for those whom he has the house hereby makes it a matter of made to fulfill such requirements as the made to suffer. Before the annexation record that upon the relinquishment of American church demanded of the Ha- of these Islands the clergy and people his see, as agreed upon betwen him and walian body before it could affiliate with were obliged to submit to the ruling of withdraw absolutely from the Islands to be chiefly in regard to the financial ecclesiastical law or justice, there was come to an honorary seat whenever it matters of the diocese and the placing no recourse. But since that time Ameriof the church property in such condition can citizens have felt that in their own is as anxious to assume this responsithat the American church would have country they were entitled to their own bility and gather in again her pioneer church, to its laws and its protection. And they have appealed to the General The Chronicle contains the following pai Church of the United States of America may be established there.

Under the existing canons of the Anwalian church is one that has caused glican church in Hawaii no member of much comment and yet one that is attle the Protestant Episcopal Church of the United States of America has a voice in The Hawalian Mission was established the government of the church, or is nearly forty years ago under the episco- eligible to a seat in the synod or on the pal care of Bishop Staley. Owing, per- board of trustees until he has signed a seems strange, indeed, if these three au- der summons from Schley's counsel, haps, to want of tact on Bishop Staley's declaration that he is a member of the thorities of the church, representing all who declined to cross-examine him to-English church in the islands for many part, as much as anything else, the Anglican church in Hawaii, and although church was not warmly welcomed by the American churchmen are always Welcongregational body which Bishop Staley comed to the church, which is in full found firmly established in the Islands communion with the American church, on his arrival there, and, although the yet they are deprived of any voice in of his followers. The Rev. Alexander mission had everything in its favor, it the government of the church in that has conducted services for those not years, Bishop Staley resigned the charge have signed this declaration, and few Americans, if any, will transfer their al-In 1872 the present Bishop was conse- legiance to the Anglican church in Ha-

resign from his see and that as a for- family, were members of the church, and years. By the official documents of the eign Bishop he should not maintain his this meant the following of a large por- diocese it would appear that in 1882 ten transfer be now accomplished, the fuegos until McCalla communicated jurisdiction. The Episcopal congrega- tion of the Hawaiian nation if Judicious- clergymen were at work there conducttion of Honolulu desires to join the ly cared for, but again tact was want- ing eight churches and missions and the wisdom of lending his co-operation. American church, but the whole matter stead. The Bishop seems to have held six clergymen, conducting six churches has, since annexation, been unfavorable throughout his administration the most and missions. The Honolulu Cathedral on account of large property interests exaggerated views of episcopal rights membership was then 1,000, with 420 a very unfortunate light throughout the which Bishop Willis claims belong to and authority, and the result has been communicants. On January 1, 1901, there Anglican church, and would forfeit that one long bitter contest between the Bish- were nine clergymen conducting ten sympathy and support which all good Schley was continually anxious about op and the clergy and people ever since churches and missions, while the cathedral membership had sunk to 650, with general who knows how to gracefully re-The difficulties which have threatened There has been no difficulty or dif- 175 communicants. There were then tire from a position rendered untenable to greatly hamper the solution of the ference of opinion in matters of ritual; four schools, one of which has since been through the force of adverse circumso-called Hawaiian trouble were amica- all trouble has sprung from temporal abandoned. This would show a gradual stances,

decline. Throughout this period this mission has been in receipt of some \$5,000 a year from England. During these years many clergymen have come and gone again, finding it impossible to work happily in this diocese, only three havng remained there any length of time. Since the withdrawal of the English grants the people have assumed the re-

sponsibility of supporting their own lergyman, and with one exception, the various missions of the Hawaiian church are self supporting. In the case of this exception the people are preparing to support the incumbent's successor. clergy are probably better paid than they are in similar positions on the main land. And not only this, but the people are prepared to pay one-half the stipend of a new Bishop, and a guarantee of the annual payment for five years of some \$1,300 or \$1,400 toward this object, hurriedly prepared and signed by some twenty persons, has been forwarded to

the General Convention. All the people in Hawaii want law, justice and some court of appeal, and more church life. The American portion want to find this in their own church, in their own country. They want their own prayer book, their own hymnal, their own Bishop, their own constitution and government-their full church rights,

and they feel entitled to them. It would be to no purpose to speak of the many instances of miscarried justice in this diocese, and the lives that have been thereby ruined, the frequent and fruitless appeals to England for help, the mass of pamphlet and newspaper warfare extending over twenty years, each broadening and deepening he scandal in this church. The fact remains that its history has been a sad one, and one that not only the churchmen of Hawali, but that all Christians in the Islands demand should be closed. Hawaii is no longer an independent country; it is no longer out of sight of

the world. It is now as much a part of the United States as California, peopled by Americans. This being so, the Church of England has signified her desire to and to transfer to the American church whatever interests she tofore held there. The American church sons into her own fold. Probably more than 95 per cent of the church people in Convention that the Protestant Episco- Hawaii are in sympathy with this movement and keenly desire the transfer. It is but natural it should be so; it is but right, it is but just, it is expedient, and what is more, the interests of religion demand it. There are now in San Francisco the representatives of the three churches, attending the general convention of the American church, and it settle whatever may be in the best interests of the church,

From whatever cause, the Bishop of Honolulu has had a hard struggle for many years, which all must regret in one holding so high and responsible a position in the church, but the time has now arrived when he can honorably and thusiastically brave and patriotic offiwith dignity retire and resign the government intrusted to his care, trusting the American church to erect on the foundation he has laid such superstrucalmost the universal desire that this believed the Spanish ships were in Cien-

Failing this action on the Bishop's part (and this transfer, sooner or later, is inevitable) he would place himself in men will ever extend to the disappointed

Bishop of Honolulu will, no doubt, see

# Defence of Schley Well Under Way.

## THE BROOKLYN'S CAPTAIN TESTIFIES

He Supports His Former Flag Officer With Much Important Evidence.

YEW YORK, Oct. 14.-A special to the Tribune from Washington says: Schley's defense began in earnest today, the evidence in support of the precept against him probably being completed. The principal witness was the flagship Brooklyn's commander, Captain Francis A. Cook, whose story as drawn from him by the assistant judge advocate and members of the court puts a new aspect on the essential episodes of the flying squadron's campaign and the Brooklyn's part in the destruction of Cervera's fleet. If the curiosity evinced by Admiral Dewey and Rear-Admirals Benham and Ramsay, as shown in the great number of questions they asked when Captain look's direct examination was com pleted, is taken to indicate the importance they attach to his recollections, he is clearly to be regarded as more important than any other witness who has so far appeared.

Captain Cook's evidence was almost uniformly in support of his former commander in chief, and it was understood when he left the stand today he had not had an opportunity to tell all he knew to Schley's credit, but would return to the stand in a few days unthose concerned, cannot now definitely day. Among the points brought out by Captain Cook were these: He alone was responsible for the Brooklyn's loop, and had the ship well around before the Commodore spoke to him on the sub-

> ject. He always regarded Schley as an "encer." Schley and he were convinced that Clenfuegos was the destination of Cervera's fleet from all the information given them from Key West, and

with the insurgents. The McCalla memorandum reached the Brooklyn after McCalla came, and up to that time the lights ashore were thought to be Spanish signals and horsemen on the beach Spanish cavalry. the coaling of his ships in rough weather and dreaded to have them short of

coal in battle. The flying squadron was on its way to Gonaives to coal when the scouts were met southeast of Santiago, and the retrograde movement toward Key West began under the belief that Cervera hadleft Santiago, if he had ever been there, and was probably at that time nearer Cienfuegos or Havana.

Captain Cook also thought the blockades at Cienfuegos and Santiago were closer in shore than did most of the young watch officers who have testified. He never had an idea of jeopardizing the Texas by the loop, and was confident that there never was any danger of a collision.

Lieutenant-Commander William F. Fullam, senior watch officer of the New Orleans, told of the firing on the Colon tical language employed by other officers of his rank.

The last witness called by the judgeadvocate was Joseph Beale, formerly a Lieu enant in the Navy and a volunteer on the Harvard in the Spanish sages into cipher for transmission, and particularly what modifications, which he regarded as minor, he made in The President will go over the \* Schley's "disobedience of orders" dispatch.

The first witness formally summoned in behalf of Schley was the Cuban pilot, ish fleet to be in Santlago and afterward was put ashore to communicate \* pany claimed it had the power \* with the insurgents by Schley, resulting

> LIEUT.-COM. SEARS TESTIFIES. WASHINGTON, Oct. 15 .- The presenta-

tion of the Schley side of the case was continued in the Schley court of inquiry today. At the instance of Mr. Rayner, the judge advocate summoned Lleuten-LONDON, Oct. 14.-A new advance ant Commander James H. Sears, who was Admiral Schley's flag officer on

#### WISCONSIN NOW PREPARATIONS FOR EXECUT-ING MURDERER CZOLGOSZ : ON HER WAY SOUTH

on Board Will Pass Through Honolulu. The battleship Wisconsin, with Rear Admiral Casey, in command of the Pacific Station, and Rear Admiral Rob-

is expected here before the close of the week. Information has been received that under sealed orders the Wisconing the ransom demanded and that as sin left Seattle, where she had gone for supplies from Port Orchard, on last Monday, October 14th, There was a killed by the people in whose hands we nation of the ship was Samoa and that are. I pray you to communicate with- the first stop would be San Francisco, the witnesses shall be. out delay the contents of this letter to and the second here. The same day Evans left Washington for San Francisco to join her, and be the guest of Admiral Casey on the trip.

The orders to Admiral Casey are to investigate the charges made by the sul General Dickinson, are trying to of the detail officers is as folices: Cap- to Tiliey. resume negotiations with the brigands tains Cooper, Glass, Thomas, Merry. The reason that Tilley is to be super- district, temporarily replacing Com-

LBANY (N. Y.), Oct. 14.—Superin-trocution, are false. Superintendent Kinley. Only twenty-six witnesses will ' Meade of Auburn prison has sent to Superintendent Collins the requests he has received for permission to attend

thing is said to him concerning the elec- and flowers were made public.

tendent C. V. Collins will send Collins had a talk with the condemned a request to Secretary of State man some days ago, and at that time he said he knew he had to die. He \* Hay to designate an official representa- expressed no fear as to the electrocutive of the Government to be present tion, but said that he would not care at the electrocution of Leon F. Czol- to go outside of the prison, for he be- \* torney General Knox made a ver- \* gosz, the murderer of President Mc- lieved that the people would kill him. \* bal report to the President and \* Since his confinement in Auburn pris- \* Cabinet yesterday regarding the \* on several thousand letters have been \* result of his investigations into \* and the blockade in almost the idenbe present in the chamber of death received for him at the prison as well \* the Pacific cable question. His \* when the sentence is executed. Warden as a large number of express packages, containing flowers and fruits. The let- \* law of 1866 any domestic com- \* ters, flowers and fruit have never reach. \* pany could land any cable on the \* ed the condemned man. The flowers \* shores of the United States or \* and fruits, it is learned, have been \* its possessions. The President \* the electrocution, over 1,000 in all. The sent by Christian societies, as have a \* and the Cabinet were convinced \* war, who explained how he put meslaw will limit the number of witnesses number of letters consoling him in his \* by the verbal report that no \* and the superintendent will decide who last moments. Other letters have come \* executive action is called for at \* from cranks who have written about \* this time. It was stated at the State Depart- the species of torture to which they \* that the battleship left Scattle Admiral ment of Prisons today that statements would put him if they had the execution \* subject more in detail with the \* to the effect that Czolgosz is in a con- of justice in his case. It is stated, how- \* Attorney General tomorrow and \* tinuous state of collapse, and that he ever, that it would be a matter of sur- \* will review the whole matter in \* breaks down and weeps every time any- prise if the names of senders of fruits \* his message to Congress. The \* Nunez, who had not believed the Span-

missionaries against Commander Tilley, expected to reach this city during this the United States naval station at Tu- \* to land a cable at Havana, but \* in finding out exactly what ships were week as well. Commander Tilley will tuila. foundation for them, to order a court be a passenger in the same ship. An- Lieutenant-Commander John R. Mil- o time by the Secretary of War. to the World from Constantinople martial. In case there must be a trial other ship passenger who may be in the ler has been detached from the United of Tilley, Admiral Evans will be the ship will have a greater degree States Hydrographic Office in San Frankell and Baird, and United States Con- president of the court. The remainder of interest, in that he is the successor cisco and ordered to duty as assistant

for ransoming Miss Stone. The present Reiter and Harrington, United States seded is that he is to be advanced to mander Sebree. whereabouts of the robber band are Marine Corps, with Captain Myer, the grade of captain. His successor i unknown, but efforts are being made United States Marine Corps, as judge Commander Uriel Sebree, formerly in-

inspector of the Twelfth Lighthouse

### Latest Sugar Prices.

# PACIFIC ALL RIGHT

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.-At-\* conclusion was that under the \*

\* law of 1866 is the same law under \* which the Postal Telegraph Com- \* \* the claim was disregarded at the \* inside.

### New Record for Wireless Telegraphy.

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in wireless telegraphy is recorded here board the Brooklyn during the war with this morning. The Daily Telegraph Spain. He testified to many details conadvocate.

All these officers except Capt. Merry trict, with headquarters in San Francisco or on their way there. They will sail for the south seas and ordered to command the Abarenda in the naval transport Solace and are and assume station as commandant of the Twelfth Lighthouse district, with headquarters in San Francisco or on their way the Twelfth Lighthouse district, with headquarters in San Francisco or on their way the Twelfth Lighthouse district, with headquarters in San Francisco or on their way there are the Twelfth Lighthouse district, with headquarters in San Francisco or on their way the Twelfth Lighthouse district, with headquarters in San Francisco or on their way the Twelfth Lighthouse district, with headquarters in San Francisco or on their way the trict, with headquarters in San Francisco or on their way the same of the Twelfth Lighthouse district, with headquarters in San Francisco or on their way the trict, with headquarters in San Francisco or on their way the trict, with headquarters in San Francisco or on their way the trict, with headquarters in San Francisco or on their way the trict, with headquarters in San Francisco or on their way the trict, with headquarters in San Francisco or on their way the trict, with headquarters in San Francisco or on their way the trict, with headquarters in San Francisco or on their way the trict, with headquarters in San Francisco or on their way the trict, with headquarters in San Francisco or on their way the trict, with headquarters in San Francisco or on their way the trict, with headquarters in San Francisco or on their way the trict, with headquarters in San Francisco or on the trict, with headquarters in San Francisco or on their way the trict, with headquarters in San Francisco or on the trict, with headquarters in San Francisco or on the trict, with headquarters in San Francisco or on the trict, with headquarters in San Francisco or on the trict, with headquarters in San Francisco or on the trict, with headquarters in San Francisco or on the tric